



**KineticCore
Solutions**

Reduce Grid Power Demand with User Stewardship



Kinetic Batteries Change Everything

Presented by:

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CHALLENGE:

Grid Power Demand

US Commercial, Industrial and Transportation (CI&T)¹ have a 1,200 GW, **\$232B/yr** problem: power demand

Plus 37 million metric tons¹ of CO₂/yr



Up to 50% demand growth by 2040 for electrification

590 GW

Added power demand²

\$944B

Estimated grid upgrades³

\$248B/yr

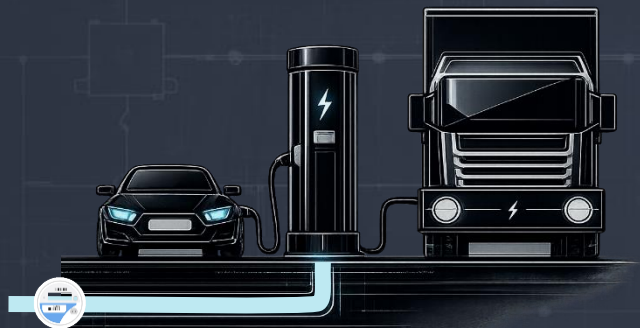
Added power demand costs⁴

18Mton/yr

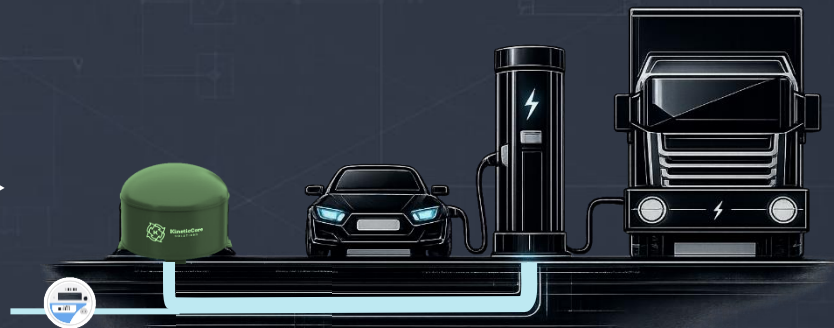
Added CO₂

SOLUTION:

Power Support



Full Grid = Full Power at \$\$\$



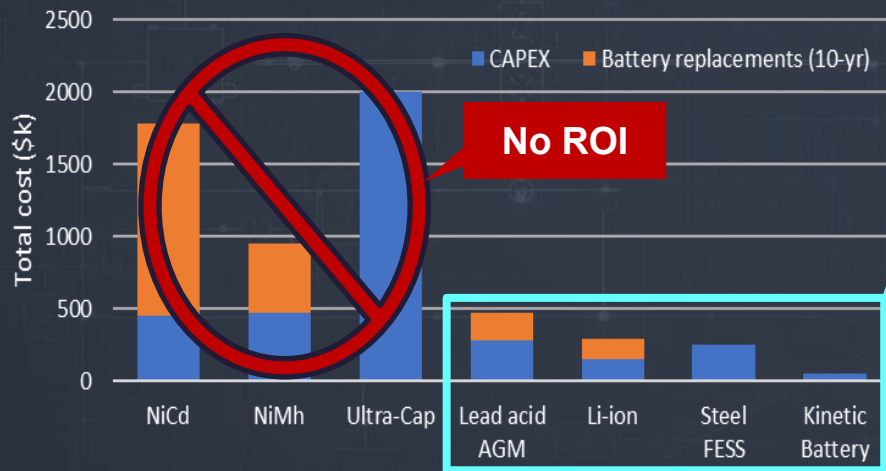
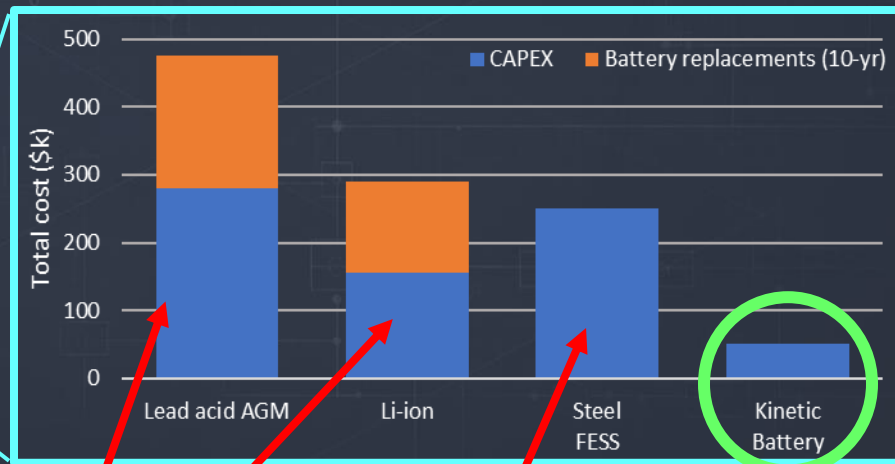
Partial Grid + Kinetic Battery = Full Power at \$

- Behind-the-meter
- Periodic (on/off) loads
- Multiple cycles/day

- ✓ Shaves peak power up to 80%
- ✓ Lowers power costs up to \$110k/yr
- ✓ Reduces grid power upgrades
- ✓ Reduces power plant emissions

Cost of Power Support Options

With a Behind-The-Meter high-power battery



**Replacements
kill the price**

**High initial
price**

**Best
potential**

Kinetic Battery Advantages

First affordable option for power demand reduction



TRL-5 prototype complete



TRL-6 (2027)



Ready for TRL-7 pilots (2027-2028)

65%

Lower cost than
Li-ion @ high-power

200,000+

Cycles,
25-year life

Safe

Eliminated
hazards

Non-chemical

No spills, poisons, or fires
& fully recyclable

Individual Kinetic Battery Power Impacts

Affordability for ALL stakeholders

Facilities Save



\$100k on grid access upgrades



\$1.5M on power costs



25% On maintenance

Utilities Save



\$400k of deferred grid upgrades



9 GWh of regulation



3,450 tons of CO2 produced

Supply Chain Saves



960 tons of mined rare earth & mineral ores



1.6 MWh of Li-ion batteries



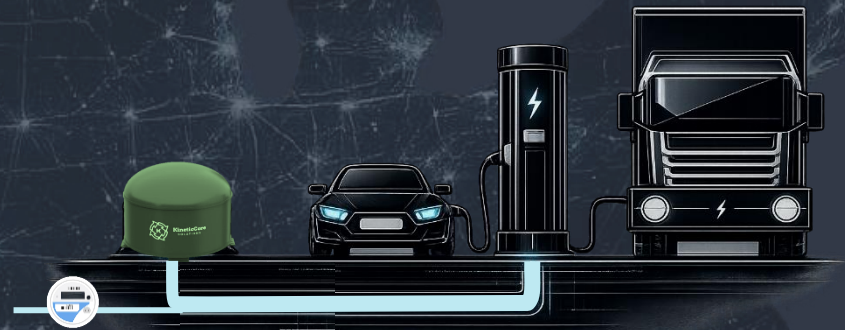
0.95 tons of Li-ion non-recyclable hazardous waste

Re-allocates all of
these Li-ion resources
vs. stationary storage
= 950,000 iPhone-18s!

Kinetic Battery Scaled Impact

For peak power demand reduction

If 10% of US CI&T facilities¹ use Kinetic Batteries to “shave” 250 kW of power by 2040



Partial Grid + Kinetic Battery = Full Power at \$

163 GW

27% reduced power demand

\$260B

28% saved in grid upgrades²

\$68.5B/yr

Decreased power costs³

5 Mton/yr

Decreased CO₂ generation

\$70B+ Total Addressable Market⁴

Kinetic Battery Pilot

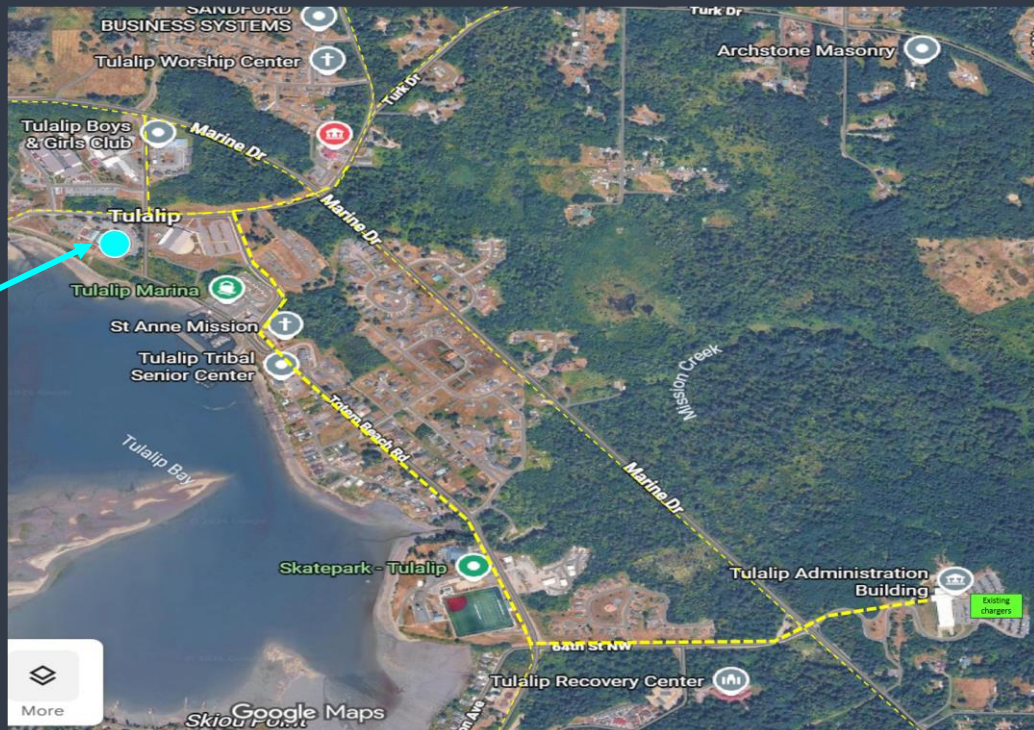
Supporting the Tulalip Tribe environmental and land stewardship



1st Planned Pilot (potential WA Grant):

- Clinic heat pump + HVAC update & EV fast charging w/o transformer upgrade
- Reduces grid peak power draw 60%
- Reduces diesel generator use ~70%

Additional funds needed to reduce risk and expand pilot production operations



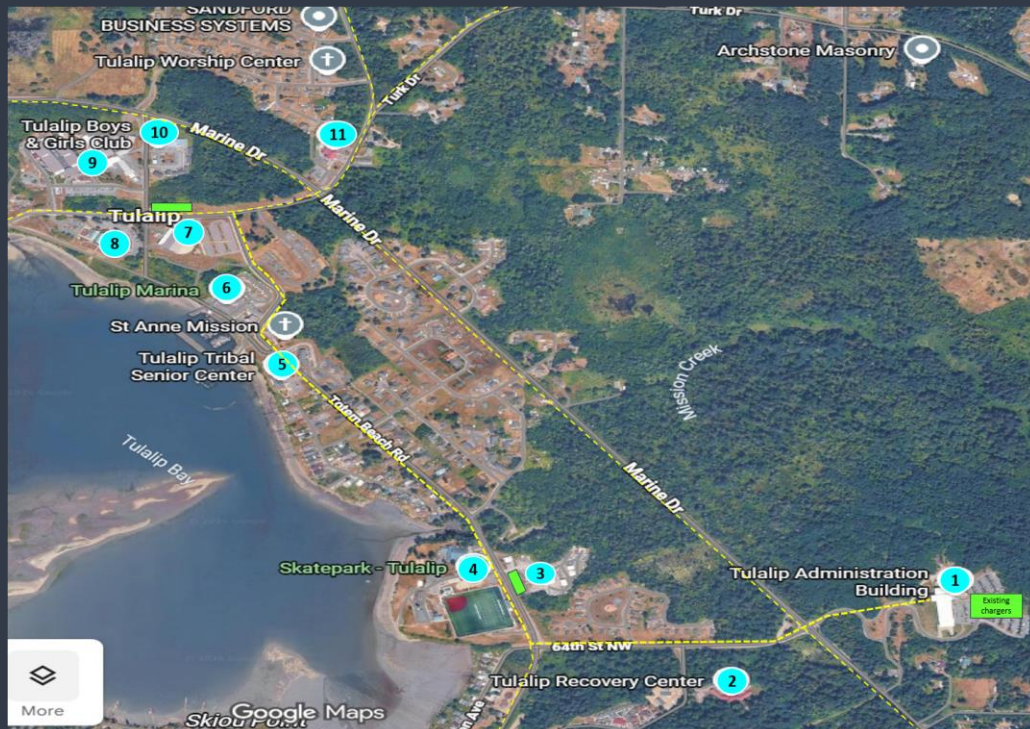
Tulalip Tribe Leading “Green”

Supporting the Green energy storage development, deployment and scaling



23 potential Tribal deployments at 11 locations

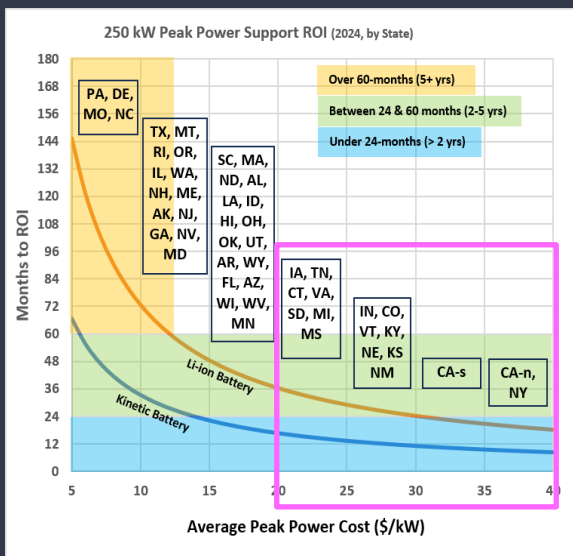
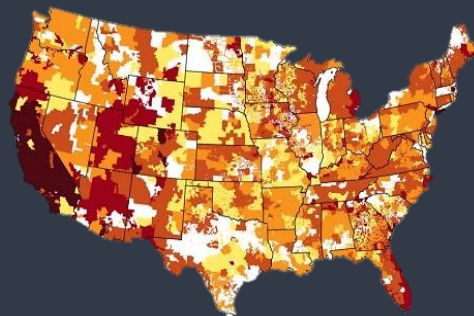
- Supports Priority Climate Action Plan to reduce GHGs & improve resiliency
- Reduces Tribal grid infrastructure upgrades to further electrify
- Supports multi-node microgrid plan
- Reduces Snohomish PUD power draw = less peak generation & pollution



Market Growth

US power demand costs

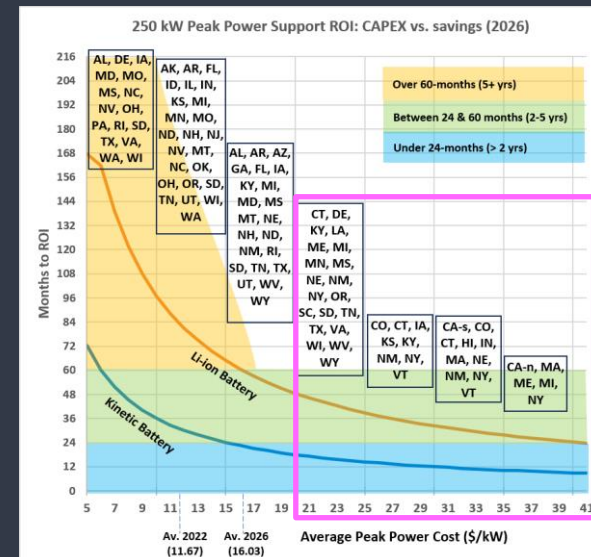
2024
\$42B TAM



Av. Peak Power
rate (\$/kW)

- >\$34
- \$24-\$34
- \$12-\$24
- \$6-\$12
- \$0-\$6
- No data

2026
\$65B TAM



Primary Market Update

- 2024, 17 states with \$20/kW or higher power demand
- 2026, 30 states with \$20/kW or higher power demand
- Increased Total Addressable Market over 35% in **two years**

Traction & Action

Vetted and high customer demand

Grants/Prizes Won (\$546k)



Energy Accelerators



Pre-Seed Raise

\$1.58M
(TRL-2 to 5)

Four Pilots Planned



Initial Market Entry

Customers/Partners	NDA/LOI/MOUs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EV Fast Chargers Facility power Microgrids Utilities 	49
Distributor/Licensee	9
Requested Units	
Pilot + Commercial	2027-2033
Direct Revenue	\$503M
Reoccurring Revenue	\$87M
License Revenue	\$95M
Total:	\$685M

Go-To-Market Strategy

Markets, expansion and supply

Phase 1 – completing

Market Validation (Discovery & Pilots)

- Vetted entrepreneur training
- Early customer interest
- Customer pilots & funding



Phase 2 – engaging

Demand Expansion (Channels & Partnerships)

- Access to added investment
- Utilities – demand reduction
- EV fast charging networks
- Strategic OEM & EPC relationship building



Phase 3 – developing

Supply & Deployment (Scale infrastructure)

- Commercial providers
- US & international supply chain
- Logistics & manufacturing readiness



Business Planning

Setting the path forward

Revenue Model

B2B Hardware Sales

US production + pilots

Recurring Revenue

monitoring & service

Licensing

per unit royalty fee

Power-as-a-Service (PaaS)

Battery Leasing

Expand Production

Licensed manufacturing

3-4 added facilities

Direct sales marketing

targeted by regional power costs

Distributors

with segmented & regional limits



Scaling Strategy

International expansion

multi-country patent protection

US Strategic Partners

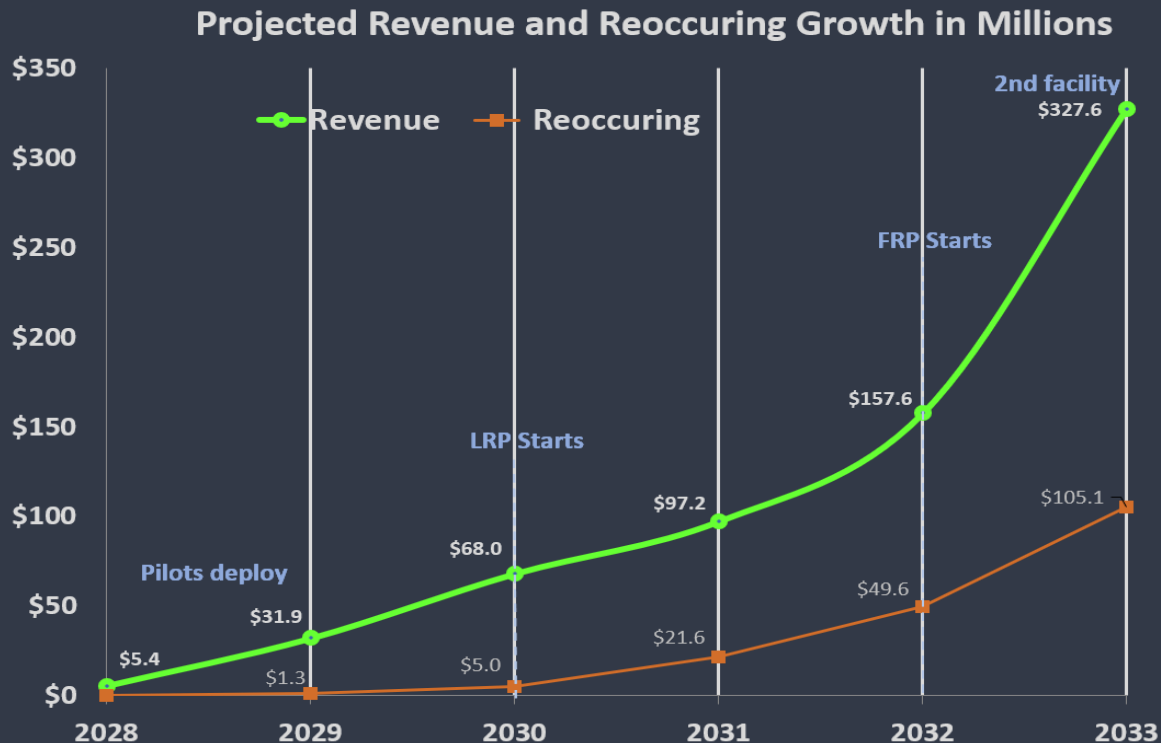
for manufacturing & market

Focus on EV adopting regions

UK, EU, Middle East, India & China



Path to \$327M Revenue by 2033



Seed Investor Return Profile (7-Year)

85% IRR

74x MOIC

\$25M NPV @ 25% discount

Based on first production facility capacity
 Demand secured through LOIs/MOUs
 Bottom-up labor & materials COGS model
 Reoccurring yearly licensing & monitoring

Capital Raise & Deployment Plan

Peak power support market entry

Round Structure

- **\$4M Seed, \$25M Pre-Money**
- **Investors:** \$250K–\$2M each
- **Lead:** AHG-Energy

Capital Allocation

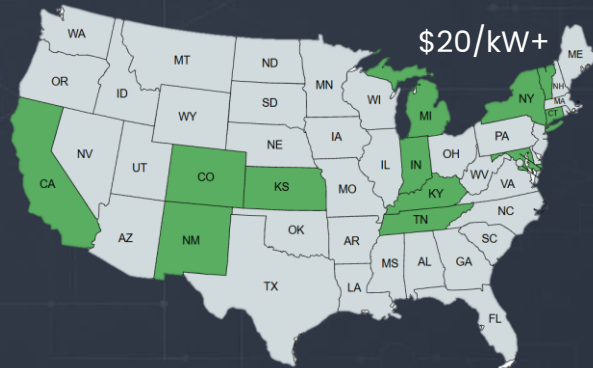
- Team expansion/hiring
- Pilots & UL Certification
- First production facility

2.5 yr Runway & Upside

- \$7M soft commit for 28 pilot units
- Self-funded after Series A
- Opportunity zone & IRS Sect. 1202 qualified

5 Year Targets

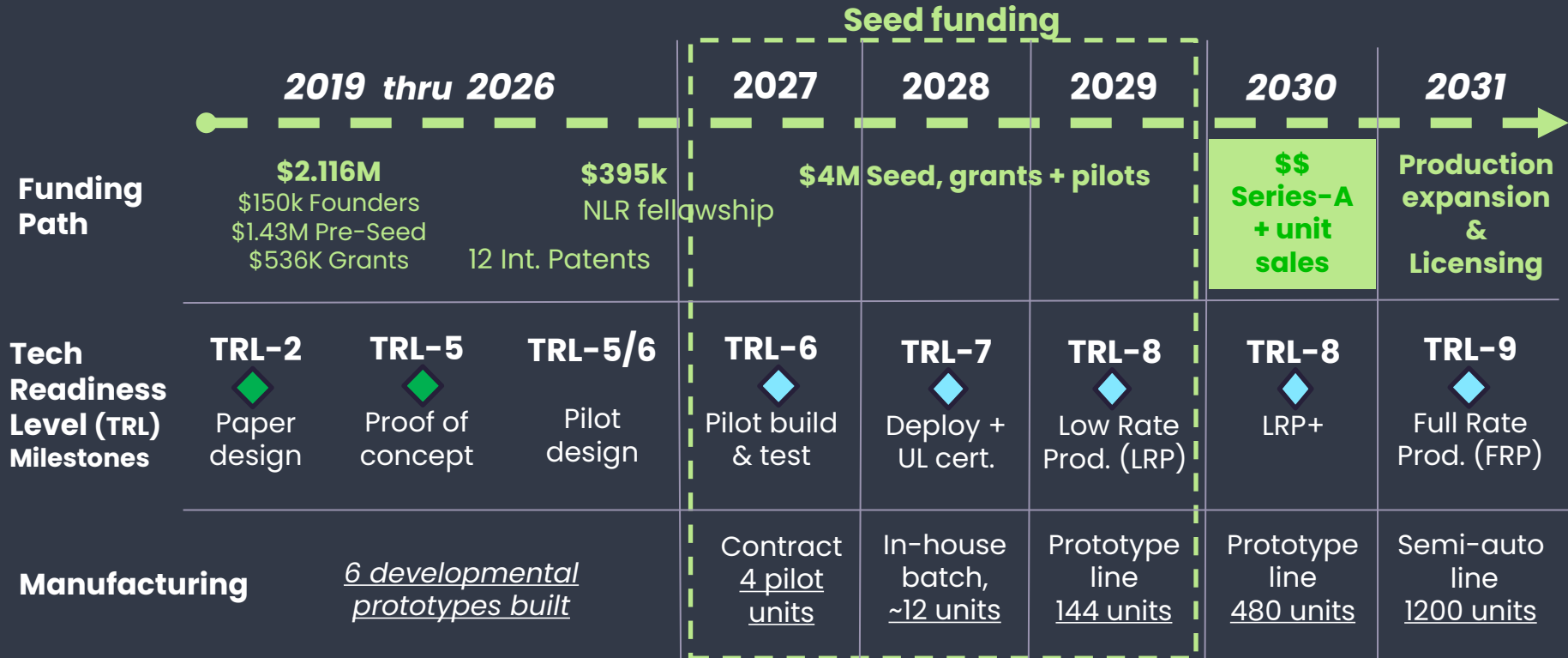
- Regional, high power cost areas



- 5,000 UL certified units deployed
- 1,250 MW demand reduction
- 250 jobs created
- Acquisition Exit

Kinetic Battery Timeline

Market entry and expansion



KineticCore Team

Vision and experience



Dr. James Clegern, PhD Founder

President & Chief Technology Officer

- BS+MS Aerospace & PhD Industrial Engineering
- 22 years – USAF Officer/Engineer/Test Director
- 14 years flywheel design & battery analysis



Chuck Clegern – Co-Founder Chief Operations Officer

- BS Construction Management
- 41 years construction & electrification
- C-level leadership + 4 exited start-ups



Allison Raduziner Business Development Lead

- BS Asian Languages & Industry
- 32 years Business dev. & marketing
- Business growth and fundraising



Erin Evans Senior Engineer

- BS Mechanical Engineering
- 34 years systems design
- Data & system design/analysis

Primary Advisors:

Yuval Wasserman

30 years Power Systems Manufacturing
President, Advanced Energy, Retired

Dr. Bryan Wilson

37 years Energy Innovation
Executive Director CSU Energy Institute

Duncan Lawrie

54 years Composites Manufacturing
President, Lawrie Technology Inc

Cabell Hodge

12 years EV & Infrastructure
Group lead, NLR Transportation and Mobility

Keith Lehmeier

12 years EV Charger Integration & Controls
Lightning eMotors Engineering Director

Raymond Cooper

12 years EV Builds and Charger Integration
President of KiloWatts EV charging

Join the Power Revolution!



President/CTO

Dr. James Clegern

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Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Chuck Clegern

Chuck@kineticcore.com

206-999-0814 (mobile)

Backup Slides

Frequently Asked Questions

1) Why are peak power loads becoming important now?

As more of the 5.9M US commercial/Industrial facilities pursue “advanced electrification”, EV charging expands and data centers proliferate, added power access is expensive through an aging grid.

For example in Denver, CO: \$300k for new power to support an \$80k, 300 kW EV Fast Charger.

2) How have peak power loads been handled previously?

Usually in a “grimace and bear it” mode, costing ~\$55B/year in 2024 and ~\$115B/year by 2035 for the top 10% of peak power users and those owning EV Fast Chargers because no other options are cost effective.

3) What advantages do facilities have for lowering their peak power load (behind-the-meter)?

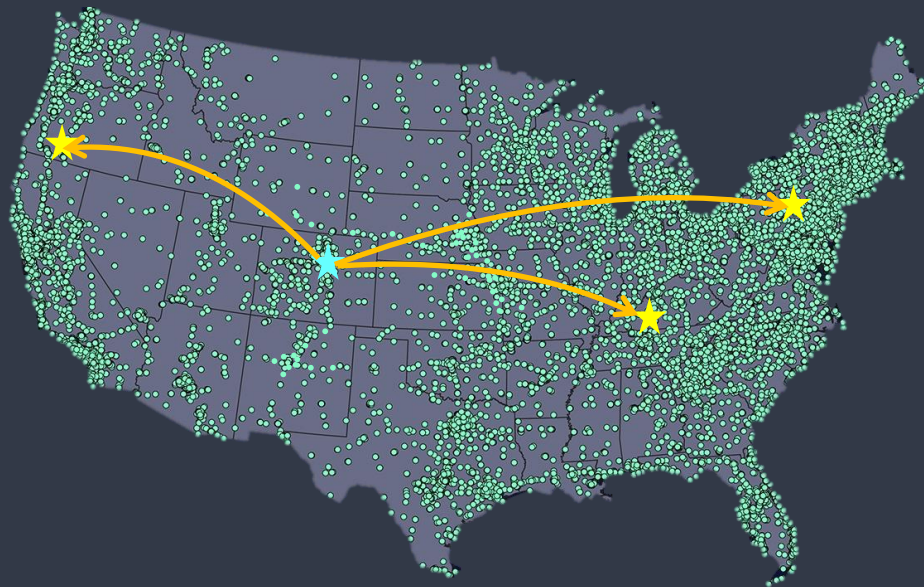
- *Onsite control with 24/7 power access*
- *Improves local grid power stability*
- *Utility DR credits*
- *Reduced Tier-2 pollution*
- *Lower monthly power demand electrical costs*

4) What are the other advantages of Kinetic Batteries?

- *Up to 65% lower cost than Lithium-ion batteries for the same power (ROI under 18-months for primary markets)*
- *High-power “add-on” system & unlimited use per day*
- *High round trip efficiency (91-93%)*
- *Small footprint (~30 SF)*
- *Easy to deploy & all-weather operations*
- *Very low maintenance & easy to service*
- *Sustainable: no battery replacements for 25-years & fully recyclable*
- *Improved safety: no uncontrolled fire, explosion, freezing or poisonous gas failures, and no hazardous materials*

Option To Scale Through 2036

One facility to four US manufacturing sites + two potential overseas



10-yr Opportunity Zone Exit Point

125,000 units (\$6.3B)
With \$190M/yr recurring revenue

340 Mton CO₂ – Pollution reduction

31 GW – Reduced grid power demand

\$9.4B/yr – Customer power savings

\$50B – Deferred grid upgrades

1,500 – Jobs created

Proforma

	2028 (Pre-LRP)	2029 (LRP)	2030	2031 (FRP)	2032	2033
Units sold	16	204	840	1260	2160	4320
Revenue units sold	\$4M	\$30.6M	\$63M	\$75M	\$108M	\$222M
Services/licensing	\$136k	\$1.3M	\$5M	\$20M	\$49M	\$105M
COGS	\$3.7M	\$21M	\$45M	\$62M	\$94M	\$183M
EBITDA	\$0.8M	\$7.5M	\$12M	\$16M	\$38M	\$104M
Net income	\$0.7M	\$7.1M	\$11.8M	\$16.1M	\$39.4M	\$105M
Total revenue	\$5.4M	\$32M	\$68M	\$97M	\$157M	\$327M

**Predictions
based on first
production
facility output**

**All units sold
with waiting list
thru 2033**

**COGS based on
bottom-up labor**

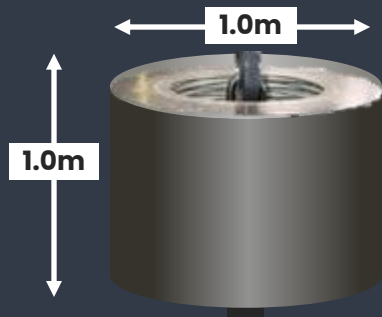
**Expect 10%
distributions**

\$4M Seed: Under 5-year ROI (2030) for ~15% equity

At 7-yr exit: NPV@25% discount = \$25M, IRR = 85%, MOIC = 74x

At the “Core” of a Kinetic Battery

Patented innovation beyond traditional flywheels



Steel Cylindrical Flywheel

- 6,000 kg = 50 kWh
- Tip speed = 370 – 430 m/s
- Energy density = 8 w-h/kg
- Explosive failures
- \$1,000–\$1,600/kWh

**High cost and mass
limits use**

Vs.



KineticCore Flywheel

- 330 kg = 50 kWh
- Tip speed = 1,400 – 1,620 m/s
- Energy density = 150 w-h/kg
- No explosive failures*
- \$190 – \$230/kWh

**95% Lighter, 450% Faster
= 85% Better (safer & lower cost)**

Patent/IP Status

- **Three US Patents**

- US-1015678 25 May 2021
- US-11661997-B2 31 May 2023
- US 18/302,512 6 May 2024

- **Nine International Patents**

- European Union – EP3935293B1 23 Dec 2023
- Japan – P422-14112JP 11 Jan 2024
- South Africa – P90908ZA00 25 Jan 2024
- Australia – 2020288198 28 Jan 2024
- China – 518040 21 Feb 2024
- Canada – 3,136,686 14 Mar 2024
- United Kingdom – EP3935293 21 March 2024
- India – P422-14589IN 05 May 2024
- Ireland – 3934393 25 May 2026

- **US Trademark Secured “KineticCore”**